

Student Name _____

D-76-2

Predestination

- 1. The Scriptures do teach some doctrine of predestination. True or False
- 2. Pelagianism makes no room for original sin nor for the necessity of _____.
- 3. On the theology of the heart all Christians are Calvinists. True or False
- 4. The foreordination of God does not include the free actions of men and angels.
True or False
- 5. God predicts the free actions of men ages before the men themselves exist.
True or False
- 6. What was the greatest crime ever committed in the universe? _____
_____.
- 7. "Faith is the gift of God." True or False
- 8. A God without foreknowledge would be only a blind _____.
- 9. It must be remembered that uncertainty is always essential to liberty. True or False
- 10. All the philosophy and science of the century is _____.
- 11. The doctrine of predestination, with its associated system of truths, has a wonderful history.
True or False
- 12. Predestination abases God, and exalts man before God. True or False
- 13. A. A. Hodge was a professor in Systematic Theology at Princeton Seminary from 1877 to 1886.
True or False

Predestination - Foreknowledge

1. What is the definition of predestination? _____

_____.

- 2. God has the sovereign right over the earth and man. True or False

3. Matching:

- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| ___ God is sovereign | A. Psalms 139:1-12 |
| ___ God is omniscient | B. I Chronicles 29:11 |
| ___ God is omnipresent | C. Genesis 1:1 |
| ___ God is omnipotent | D. Job 37:16 |

4. Created beings are omnipresent. True or False
5. God does not predetermine the evil acts of men. True or False
6. Predestination is the decree of God by which certain _____ are foreordained to _____ called the _____.
7. Does God know history in advance. Yes or No
8. God already knows the outcome of the choices of men. True or False
9. Predestination means to mark out or determine before hand. True or False
10. God recognizes the free choice of man. True or False

Predestination

1. Those who believe in predestination believe that before the creation God determined the fate of the universe throughout all of time and space. True or False
2. Predestination has been particularly associated with the teachings of Augustine of Hippo and of _____.
3. Judaism may accept the possibility that God is atemporal. True or False
4. Muslims do not believe that God is literally atemporal, eternal and omniscient.
True or False
5. Christians understand the doctrine of predestination in terms of _____ work of _____ in the world.
6. Teaching on predestination may vary in terms of three considerations. Name them:
- A. _____
- _____
- _____

B. _____

_____.

C. _____

_____.

7. The British monk _____ denied Augustine’s view of “predestination” in order to affirm that _____ is achieved by an act of _____.

8. Conditional predestination, or more commonly referred to as _____ is a theological stance stemming from the writings and teachings of _____ after whom _____ is named.

9. Temporal predestination is the view that God only _____ temporal matters, and not _____ ones.

10. Infralapsarianism holds that predestination logically _____ with the _____ of man’s fall into _____.

11. The version of predestination espoused by John Calvin is sometimes referred to as “double predestination” because in it God predestines some people for _____, and some for _____.

12. Calvinism divides the issues of predestination according to two kinds of being, knowledge and will, distinguishing that which is _____ from that which is _____.

13. What is Supralapsarianism?

_____.

14. Name eight Bible verses used as sources for Christian beliefs in predestination:

15. Reform Judaism has a strong doctrine of predestination. True or False

16. What Jewish philosopher believes that free-will doesn’t exist? _____

17. What does al - qada wa al-qadar mean? _____
_____.
18. In Arabic inshalla means “if God wills.” True or False
19. Drinking alcoholic beverages is not a sin according to the religion of Islam.
True or False
20. There are no differences between Christian and Islamic ideas of predestination.
True or False

Theological Determination

1. What is theological determination? _____

_____.
2. Name the two forms of theological determination:
- A. _____

_____.
- B. _____

_____.

Free Will in Theology

1. In Christian theology God is described as omniscient, _____ and _____.
2. Lutherans adhere to divine monergism, the teaching that salvation is by God’s act alone, and therefore reject the idea that humans in their fallen state have a free will concerning spiritual matters.
True or False
3. Lutherans believe that the elect are _____ to salvation.
4. Lutherans believe in a predestination to damnation. True or False
5. Calvinist protestants embrace the idea that God chose who would be saved and who would not be saved prior to the creation. True or False

6. Who wrote the book "Freedom of the Will"? _____.
7. Theologians of the Catholic church universally reject the idea of free will.
True or False
8. John Cassian, 4th century church Father was a pupil of _____.
9. Mormons or Latter-day Saints, believe that God has given all _____ the gift of

_____.
10. Swedenborgianism, teaches that every person has complete freedom to choose _____
or _____.
11. Free will is also a point of debate among both sides of the Christian Communists theory.
True or False
12. Jehovah's Witnesses do not believe in free will. True or False
13. Free will is therefore discussed at length in Jewish philosophy. True or False
14. Where is the Rabbinic maxim, "all is in the hands of heaven except the fear of heaven"
found? _____.
15. What is the concept of tzimtzum? _____

_____.
16. There is no one accepted view in Hinduism on the concept of free-will.
True or False
17. Who used to teach that man is like a goat tied to a stake? _____
_____.
18. Who advocated the position, Freedom-as-chance? _____.

Predestination (Calvinism)

1. The Calvinistic doctrine of predestination is a doctrine of _____ which deals
with the question of the _____ God exercises over the _____.
2. Calvinistic predestination is sometimes referred to as "double predestination"
True or False
3. Christian Universalist thinkers posit that there is no hell. True or False

4. In Arminius's view believers may lose their salvation and be eternally lost.
True or False
5. The Roman Catholic church calls predestination _____ and states this plan also includes free will for mankind.
6. The logical criticism of predestination is that it denies the individual their own free will.
True or False
7. Calvinism is dominant in Germany, England, and France. True or False

Argument from free will

1. The argument from free will contends that omniscience and free will are incompatible, and that any conception of God that incorporates both properties is therefore inherently contradictory.
True or False
2. Dan Barker says, "Therefore, the theistic God does not exist." True or False
3. Theists generally agree that God is a personal being and that God is omniscient.
True or False
4. Who argues in his book "Mere Christianity" that God is outside of time and therefore does not "foresee" events, but simply observes them? _____.

Fatalism

1. What is Fatalism? _____

_____.
2. Fatalists and many predestinations think the future is ineluctable despite causality.
True or False
3. While the idle argument applies fatalism on the effect side, it does not apply fatalism to the cause side.
True or False
4. The logical argument for fatalism is one that depends not on _____ or _____ circumstances but rather argues based on _____ necessity.

Providentialism

1. What is providentialism? _____

_____.

2. Quiverfull advocates oppose the general acceptance among Protestant Christians of deliberately limiting family size through the use of birth control. True or False

Divine Providence

1. What is Divine Providence? _____

_____.

2. What is the Latin word for providence? _____.

3. Who is perhaps most famously associated with the doctrine of Divine Providence in the Latin West? _____.

4. Divine Providence is discussed by all the major thinkers, but its extent and nature is a matter of dispute. True or False

5. Maimonides is representative of the rationalist school. True or False

6. Rabbi Joseph Soloveitchik - probably modern orthodoxy's most influential _____.

7. Who famously defines science and philosophy as "Handmaidens" of Torah study?
