

Student Name _____

The Tabernacle

Chapter One - The Tabernacle in the Wilderness

1. The last part of the Book of Exodus contains the _____
The _____ and the _____.
2. The Law was necessary to show Israel's _____
3. Name five different names given the Tabernacle:

4. The Tabernacle was given so God could show His _____ to His people.
5. The _____ of Christ is the most precious and valuable of all things in heaven and earth.

Chapter Two - Construction of the Tabernacle

1. _____ was the architect of the Tabernacle.
2. _____ was the manager of the Tabernacle.
3. _____ were to give willingly to build the Tabernacle.

Chapter Three - The Workers

1. The _____ of spiritual wisdom is to _____ God.
2. The workers made the Tabernacle according to the _____.
3. _____ approved all the work in the Tabernacle.
4. The workers worked from _____ and not selfish _____.

Chapter Four - Wall of the Court

1. The wall of the Court was _____ long by _____ wide and _____ tall.
2. The wall fastened into _____ of _____ in the ground.
3. They that believed on Christ shall never come to _____.

4. The Holy Ghost _____ and _____ the life of the believer.

Chapter Five - The Gates and it's Hangings

1. The gate to the outer court was _____ feet wide.
2. The way of Cain is Human _____. It denies sin and the need of a _____.
3. God became a _____, a _____, and a sacrifice for _____.
4. _____ is a color of royalty and the garment of _____.
5. The color _____ is the color of glory.

Chapter Six - The Brazen Altar

1. The altar means _____, that which lifts up.
2. The innocent bore the _____ of the guilty.
3. Accumulation of the ashes were piled in a _____ beside the altar.
4. The horns of the altar pointed to the four _____ of the earth.

Chapter Seven - The Laver

1. The laver was made of _____ and the _____ washed their hands before entering the _____.
2. _____ and _____ meet in the laver.
3. The laver was never _____ even on the move or in the camp.
4. To wash was a necessity _____ by God.

Chapter Eight - The Curtains or Tabernacle Covering.

1. The badger skins were probably the skin of a _____.
2. Ram's skin was dyed _____ which is the color of _____.
3. Mark saw Christ as a _____ while Matthew saw Him as a _____. Luke saw Him as a son of _____.
4. There were _____ layers of curtains over the Tabernacle.

Chapter Nine - The Boards and the Bars

1. There were _____ boards on each side of the Tabernacle.
2. The divine order of salvation is _____, _____, and _____
3. _____ was a type of Christ. (Deuteronomy 18:15)
4. Atonement of Christ is the basis of all our _____.
5. The four bars represents four essentials:

Chapter Ten - The Door and the Holy Place

1. The gate of the court had _____ pillars.
2. The door is a type of _____ into the _____ of God.
3. The door will be closed when the _____ comes to a close.

Chapter Eleven - The Golden Candlestick

1. A talent of gold is equal to about _____.
2. It had _____ branches or _____.
3. Name the seven attributes of God:

4. The middle candlestick represents _____.
5. The _____ trimmed the candlesticks each _____.

Chapter Twelve - The Table of Shewbread

1. _____ was used as a memorial.

2. The shewbread was renewed every _____.
3. There were _____ loaves and _____ in each row.
4. A _____ kept the loaves from falling.
5. Acacia wood was _____.

Chapter Thirteen - The Golden Altar of Incense

1. The height of the altar was _____ cubits, which is _____ feet.
2. Incense speaks of Christ being our way or access to the _____.
3. Where was the position of the altar of incense? _____

Chapter Fourteen - The Veil

1. The veil should be a symbol of Him as _____.
2. The veil was upheld by five pillars. True or False
3. What are the four pillars of the believer's strength? _____

4. Shittim wood was _____ wood.
5. The colors of the veil were _____, _____, and _____.
6. _____ represented the deity of Christ.
7. The veil _____ the Holy of Holies _____ the Holy Place.
8. The veil was a symbol of _____.
9. The veil could be torn easily. True or False
10. Tradition says the veil was about 2" thick. True or False
11. The veil hung in a loose _____.
12. At what hour was the veil rent? _____
13. The veil was rent at the moment Jesus said, "_____."
14. It was _____ not _____ who smote Christ.

Chapter Fifteen - The Ark

1. When Israel was on the move, the ark was located in the _____.
2. This was the only piece of furniture in the _____ of _____.
3. Christ proved His power by overcoming _____, _____, _____, _____, and the _____.
4. When Israel crossed Jordan, the ark went _____ of them into the water.

Chapter Sixteen - The Mercy Seat

1. The mercy seat was where God accepted the _____ in the Old Testament plan.
2. The mercy seat in the Hebrew means _____.
3. The mercy seat was placed atop the _____.
4. On top the mercy seat was two _____.

Chapter Seventeen - The High Priest and His Garments

1. The High Priest was the _____ or _____ that stood between God and the people.
2. The name Levi means _____.
3. The _____ was the very outer garment of the _____.
4. The High Priest's garment consisted of _____ parts all defined in detail.

Chapter Eighteen - The Cloud

1. The cloud represented God's personal _____ and _____ through the wilderness.
2. Israel did not _____ unless the cloud did. This was a built in air conditioning in the day and a heater at night.

Chapter Nineteen - The High Priest Ministering

1. The High Priest was not allowed to have any physical _____.
2. The High Priest was the people's _____ and he was divinely chosen by God.
3. The High Priest was to _____ for the people.

Chapter Twenty - The Resurrection Plan as given in the Tabernacle

1. The glory of the sun represented the _____.
2. The glory of the moon represents _____.
3. The glory of the stars represents _____.

Chapter Twenty One - The Priesthood of Believers

1. Under the Levitical Priesthood, to be a priest was a _____ privilege.
2. When the Law was given, Israel was to be a _____ of _____.
3. The _____ acted as priest of the family before the Law.
4. Under the Law, Aaron could only enter the holy of Holies one time a _____.

The Ribband of Blue
Blue and Law Association

1. The color blue is closely associated with the subject of "law" or "commandment."
True or False
2. How many times does the word "blue" appear in Scripture? _____.
3. The purpose of the blue ribband as a fringe on the border of the _____ of the children of Israel was to call to their memory, when they looked upon the _____ of _____, the commandments of the Lord, that they may remember and do those commandments.
4. The ephod of the high priest was all what color? _____.
5. A cloth of blue was used to cover the holy things in the tabernacle. True or False
6. Christ perfectly kept the law to a jot and a tittle and then made the perfect sacrifice for His people to redeem them from their sins. True or False