

Student Name \_\_\_\_\_

THE EPISTLES OF PAUL

1. How many letters did Paul write? \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Name some of the other "Holy Books" that contained no letters at all. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.

3. Instead of letters what did they consist of? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.

4. When did they start communicating by letter?  
\_\_\_\_\_.

5. Did the apostles find it an easy way of communicating with the churches they had established?  
\_\_\_\_\_.

6. What were the six features characterized by the epistolary form?  
1. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.  
2. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.  
3. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.  
4. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.  
5. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.  
6. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.

7. Are Paul's thirteen letters in chronological order? \_\_\_\_\_.

8. What was usually placed first? \_\_\_\_\_.

9. Why were they placed first?  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.

10. Were these Epistles written first by the apostles? \_\_\_\_\_.

SKETCH OF PAUL'S LIFE

1. Paul was born in \_\_\_\_\_.  
2.

2. Paul was educated in \_\_\_\_\_ Judaism.
3. Paul was consenting to \_\_\_\_\_ death.
4. Paul was converted near \_\_\_\_\_.
5. In A.D. 46 Paul toured both \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
6. He returned to Syrian Antioch and attended the \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Paul left \_\_\_\_\_ by land for \_\_\_\_\_ and Cilicia, and went on to Caesarea and Jerusalem then returned to \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Paul revisited the churches and ministered extensively during \_\_\_\_\_; went on to \_\_\_\_\_ where he was \_\_\_\_\_.
9. Paul was a prisoner of Rome at \_\_\_\_\_. (Acts\_\_\_\_\_).
10. There he wrote the prison Epistles: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.
11. Arrested the second time in \_\_\_\_\_ he wrote \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ about this time, then laid down his \_\_\_\_\_  
for Christ as a martyr in \_\_\_\_\_.

### I THESSALONIANS

1. How did Paul show his deep concern to his converts? He sent \_\_\_\_\_  
to comfort them concerning their \_\_\_\_\_.
2. What was the capital of the Roman province of Macedonia? \_\_\_\_\_
3. What certain problems were the Thessalonians faced with? These problems were of a  
\_\_\_\_\_ nature (4:13-18; 5:1-11).
4. What is the most probable date in which I Thessalonians was written? \_\_\_\_\_.
5. With the exception of \_\_\_\_\_ it is possibly the  
\_\_\_\_\_ of the entire New Testament.
6. Paul terms the “rapture” or “catching away of the church” \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.
7. Is the coming of the Lord for His own the same as coming with His own? \_\_\_\_\_.
8. The coming with His saints will be at \_\_\_\_\_.

## II THESSALONIANS

1. Twice in this Epistle the writer calls himself \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Increased \_\_\_\_\_ of the church \_\_\_\_\_ Paul's teaching regarding the return of the Lord and \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ expectations prompted Paul to write this letter.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ months possibly a \_\_\_\_\_ was the interval between the two letters to the Thessalonians.
4. The condition of the church was the \_\_\_\_\_ in both \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The Thessalonians believed \_\_\_\_\_ that they were going through the \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Paul told them they were \_\_\_\_\_ from wrath.
7. Someone had evidently \_\_\_\_\_ a letter confusing the church of Thessalonica.
8. What are the three present-day schools of interpretations?
  1. \_\_\_\_\_
  2. \_\_\_\_\_
  3. \_\_\_\_\_
9. Paul states that as soon as the \_\_\_\_\_ leaves so will the \_\_\_\_\_ of God from the \_\_\_\_\_.
10. The apostasy ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) will be \_\_\_\_\_ only after the church is \_\_\_\_\_.

## I CORINTHIANS

1. Luke was the author of these two books. True or False
2. The city of Corinth was the "Mecca" between the north and the south. True or False
3. As a port city Corinth was wealthy and immoral. True or False
4. However, many Corinthians believed and were baptized. True or False
5. Paul remained there about three years. True or False
6. The immediate occasion for writing of these Epistles is an inquire about marriage and several other matters. True or False

- 7. What are the list of problems that plagued the church?
  - 1. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 2. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 3. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 4. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 5. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 6. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 7. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 8. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 9. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 10. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 11. \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8. First Corinthians was written from Ephesus during Paul’s later three year ministry in that city.
 

True or False

II CORINTHIANS

- 1. Soon after Paul’s first letter to the Corinthians, news reached him of discord among the Jews.
 

True or False
- 2. From Ephesus he penned a kind Epistle and gave it to Timothy to be delivered. True or False
- 3. Paul evidently met Titus and the news was good; the crises had passed and the church was reconciled.
 

True or False
- 4. Paul wrote II Corinthians for a number of reasons mostly to comfort them. True or False
- 5. The “thorn in the flesh” was probably Paul’s poor eyesight. True or False
- 6. This “thorn in the flesh” was evidently not removable by prayer or faith. True or False
- 7. God said “His grace was sufficient.” True or False
- 8. The Epistle lays bare the heart and soul of one of God’s greatest servant. True or False

GALATIANS

- 1. The Galatians were \_\_\_\_\_ of the Roman \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. Twice the author calls himself \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. It was probably written from \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_.

4. The Epistle to the Galatians is the \_\_\_\_\_ of Christian \_\_\_\_\_.
5. It is also the battle cry of the Protestant \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Some Christian teachers violated the Gospel by insisting that \_\_\_\_\_ was essential to \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Their teaching was a mixture of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Paul tries to justify the purpose of the \_\_\_\_\_ and its importance.
9. One of Paul's most misunderstood phrases is " \_\_\_\_\_ "
10. The witness of Abraham is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

### ROMANS

1. Paul penned this Epistle from \_\_\_\_\_.
2. It was penned about \_\_\_\_\_.
3. It was near the end of his \_\_\_\_\_ journey.
4. The subject of the Epistle is \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Romans states that all mankind stands \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ before Him if \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Even at man's \_\_\_\_\_ he cannot be saved on his own \_\_\_\_\_.
7. God must judge them fairly on basis of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
8. The world's need of the gospel is found in \_\_\_\_\_.
9. The saint is to have daily victory over sin. True or False

### COLOSSIANS

1. Paul alludes himself as author of this letter four times. True or False
2. Colossians was written to a church which Paul did not establish. True or False
3. Epaphras and Philemon were converted under Paul's Ephesians ministry. True or False
4. Paul was a prisoner and was not allowed to preach. True or False

5. Gnosticism was a heresy that nearly destroyed the church. True or False
6. One error included the teaching of worshipping angelic intermediaries of which Christ was one.  
True or False
7. All sufficiency of Christ's redemption is found in \_\_\_\_\_.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ was errors of this Colosse church.
9. Colosse was a \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ town.

### EPHESIANS

1. The Epistle is \_\_\_\_\_ to the church at \_\_\_\_\_.
2. It was the most important city of the \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Diana was a goddess of \_\_\_\_\_; her \_\_\_\_\_ was full of \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Paul established the church here upon returning from \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The letter may have been delivered to \_\_\_\_\_ by a man named \_\_\_\_\_.
6. The word \_\_\_\_\_ is found \_\_\_\_\_ times in the Epistle.
7. Paul speaks of the \_\_\_\_\_ union of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ into the church of God.
8. Paul exhorts readers to \_\_\_\_\_ day by day worthily of their \_\_\_\_\_.

### PHILIPPIANS

1. Philippians is considered to be one of the four prison letters. Name the other three:
  - A. \_\_\_\_\_
  - B. \_\_\_\_\_
  - C. \_\_\_\_\_
2. It was penned from a Roman prison around \_\_\_\_\_.
3. The church was \_\_\_\_\_ in joy and \_\_\_\_\_ in a prison.
4. The occasion of the Epistle was to \_\_\_\_\_ a

\_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ from the church.

5. This was the \_\_\_\_\_ church established by Paul in \_\_\_\_\_.

6. The secret of Paul’s testimony is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

THE PASTORAL EPISTLES

1. What are the First and Second Timothy and Titus commonly called? \_\_\_\_\_

2. Has modern criticism shown a marked tendency to deny Pauline authorship to the Pastoral Epistle? \_\_\_\_\_.

3. What three letters prove Paul as the author?

A. \_\_\_\_\_

B. \_\_\_\_\_

C. \_\_\_\_\_

4. What was the Chronological argument? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

5. Does all the objective evidence favor the Pauline authorship? \_\_\_\_\_.

I TIMOTHY

1. First and Second Timothy and Titus are commonly called \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Timothy and Titus were not \_\_\_\_\_.

3. Paul left \_\_\_\_\_ on the island of \_\_\_\_\_ to complete the organization of its churches.

4. From \_\_\_\_\_ Paul wrote his first letter to \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_.

5. Paul had four main goals in addressing this Epistle to Timothy. Name them:

A. \_\_\_\_\_

B. \_\_\_\_\_

C. \_\_\_\_\_

D. \_\_\_\_\_

6. Paul tells Timothy that a Christian mother who has \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, with \_\_\_\_\_ can make a \_\_\_\_\_ to the work of Christ and the \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_.

7. One of Paul's most famous Scriptures in this book is \_\_\_\_\_.

## II TIMOTHY

1. Paul was a prisoner of Rome with martyrdom facing him in \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Severely tested by \_\_\_\_\_ he wrote to Timothy who was at \_\_\_\_\_.

3. \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ were apparently residing there.

4. Paul died a martyr's death on the \_\_\_\_\_ west of the capital.

5. This is Paul's \_\_\_\_\_ Epistle in a total of \_\_\_\_\_ Epistles handed down to us.

6. Paul tells Timothy to remain \_\_\_\_\_ to his \_\_\_\_\_.

7. The word apostasy means \_\_\_\_\_.

## TITUS

1. Titus is one of the Pastoral Epistles. True or False

2. Paul was born of Jewish parents. True or False

3. Paul's letter to Titus features church order and sound doctrine. True or False

4. The term "elder" and "bishop" apparently denote two different persons. True or False

5. Eldership in the New Testament always occurs in the singular. True or False

## PHILEMON

1. The core of this Epistle is an \_\_\_\_\_ by Paul on \_\_\_\_\_ of a \_\_\_\_\_ slave.

2. The slave was from \_\_\_\_\_ and his name was \_\_\_\_\_.

3. The renegade slave had been brought into contact with Paul in \_\_\_\_\_.

4. The result was a \_\_\_\_\_.

5. Paul saw great \_\_\_\_\_ in his new \_\_\_\_\_ in the faith.
6. Paul earnestly \_\_\_\_\_ Philemon to treat the slave as he would Paul himself. He offers to \_\_\_\_\_ all of the slave's \_\_\_\_\_.
7. In \_\_\_\_\_ the sinner's sins are reckoned or \_\_\_\_\_ to Christ's account and as a result the sinner is \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Plea for a runaway slave is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

### THE JEWISH-CHRISTIAN AND GENERAL EPISTLE

1. The Jewish-Christian Epistles consists of \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_.
2. These inspired books are addressed \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.
3. In the case of Hebrews, the purpose is to \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ finality of Messiah's \_\_\_\_\_ work on the \_\_\_\_\_.
4. James instructs believers in the \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
5. First Peter is also addressed largely to \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ is the difference between Jewish-Christian and General Epistles and the Pauline Epistles and not the \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_.

### HEBREWS

1. Hebrews stands as one of the greatest books of the New Testament from the standpoint of \_\_\_\_\_ and literary excellence.
2. The author realizes the severe \_\_\_\_\_ and prompts the Hebrew believer to press on in the \_\_\_\_\_.
3. The opening chapter strikes the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ note of Christ's \_\_\_\_\_.
4. The Word was with God and was Himself God but who became man is found in \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Angels are \_\_\_\_\_ sent forth to minister for them who shall be \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_.

6. This service evidently refers primarily to the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ of God's children.
7. Their position is around \_\_\_\_\_ as His \_\_\_\_\_.
8. One of the \_\_\_\_\_ Words of the Epistle is "\_\_\_\_\_."
9. Christ's superiority to the Angels is found in \_\_\_\_\_.
10. Faith expressed in conduct is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

### JAMES

1. James did not believe in Jesus during the Lord's ministry. True or False
2. After the Ascension Jesus' brothers are found with those awaiting the promised Spirit.  
True or False
3. James is without a doubt the most Jewish book in the New Testament. True or False
4. James became the head of the Thessalonian church. True or False
5. The Talmud shows that using oil for anointing the sick was never practiced among the Jews.  
True or False
6. James stresses it is not the oil but "prayer of faith" that saves the sick. True or False
7. Living faith that controls the tongue is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

### I PETER

1. The author of this Epistle is \_\_\_\_\_.
2. He claims to have been a \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_ of Christ.
3. The Apostle warns God's people to expect \_\_\_\_\_ for it is often consonant with the \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_.
4. The Apostle Peter speaks of honoring \_\_\_\_\_ and loving \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The word translated "redeemed" (lutroo) means \_\_\_\_\_ that is brought back from \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Peter must be referring to the spiritual reality when he declares \_\_\_\_\_ now \_\_\_\_\_ you.

7. Water baptism saves \_\_\_\_\_ rather than \_\_\_\_\_.
8. No mere external rite \_\_\_\_\_ not the \_\_\_\_\_ of the dirt of the \_\_\_\_\_ but the appeal to God for a good \_\_\_\_\_.
9. Suffering in view of the Christian growth is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

## II PETER

1. The subject of First Peter is \_\_\_\_\_ and its purpose is \_\_\_\_\_.
2. The theme of Second Peter is \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ and its purpose is \_\_\_\_\_.
3. The golden text of Second Peter may be taken as 3:18: "But \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_ and in \_\_\_\_\_ of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ."
4. Through the Holy Spirit, Peter declares that the Scriptures are of \_\_\_\_\_ that they are \_\_\_\_\_ by God.
5. Peter's new revelation stresses the \_\_\_\_\_ of the day of the Lord. He calls this climatic and final aspect of it "\_\_\_\_\_."
6. Peter quotes \_\_\_\_\_ to demonstrate that God operates in \_\_\_\_\_ and is not restricted by the time \_\_\_\_\_ which bind a finite creature like man (3:8).
7. Peter shows that, even though God is not bound by time, He is always \_\_\_\_\_ (3:9). \_\_\_\_\_ with Him is "\_\_\_\_\_ and a thousand years \_\_\_\_\_."

## I JOHN

1. The author himself claims to be an \_\_\_\_\_ of Christ.
2. First John is best described as a family letter from the Father to his \_\_\_\_\_ in the \_\_\_\_\_.
3. The Epistle is addressed exclusively to \_\_\_\_\_, hence other ethical and \_\_\_\_\_ problems are hardly mentioned.
4. The believer is likewise warned not to love the \_\_\_\_\_ nor the \_\_\_\_\_ that are in the \_\_\_\_\_.

5. If believers love the world his love for \_\_\_\_\_ will grow \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Brotherly love and Fellowship is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

## II JOHN

1. In the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ Epistles the writer designates himself simply as “\_\_\_\_\_.”
2. This short Epistle sheds light on the issue of \_\_\_\_\_ from \_\_\_\_\_.
3. There simply cannot be harmonious \_\_\_\_\_ with \_\_\_\_\_ who deny the true \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ of Christ.
4. Exhortation to truth and love is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

## III JOHN

1. The third letter of John is the \_\_\_\_\_ book of the \_\_\_\_\_.
2. The third letter of John anticipates a \_\_\_\_\_ that has in varying degrees \_\_\_\_\_ the church since \_\_\_\_\_ days.
3. The problems of \_\_\_\_\_ individuals or \_\_\_\_\_ organizations.
4. The Holy Spirit never leads anyone to become an \_\_\_\_\_
5. Gaius' faithfulness mentioned is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

## JUDE

1. The author apparently the \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ (bishop of Jerusalem and writer of the Epistle James) and a \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_.
2. The Epistle of Jude contends for the faith against \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Jude concerns itself primarily with \_\_\_\_\_ that had \_\_\_\_\_ the church.
4. Jude denounces these false teachers in even \_\_\_\_\_ than does

\_\_\_\_\_.

5. He presents three illustrations from history on deliberate and willful sin, name them:

A. \_\_\_\_\_.

B. \_\_\_\_\_.

C. \_\_\_\_\_.

6. Desire to expound salvation is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

7. Israel in the wilderness is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

8. To remember Apostolic warnings is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

9. To pray in the Holy Spirit is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

10. To abhor the sinner's sin is found in \_\_\_\_\_.